## **Exercises with AMPL**

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# Buying metro tickets

One day, before going out, I thought:

"I have to take the metro, and I have no tickets, but I have several coins that I can use for buying a **carnet** of tickets".

Then, I went to the metro station with all my coins. I selected the *carnet* of tickets I wanted from the machine, and I started to put my coins inside, starting from the smallest ones, in order to get rid of as many coins as I could:

"This is a very good way to recicle my coins!"

I was thinking while proudly I was grabbing coins from my bag. But I was about to discover something **very bad**!





# Buying metro tickets

You cannot use more than 20 coins per transaction. Transation cancelled.

WHAT? I thought. My entusiasm faded out!

I had inserted no more than 5 euros so far, because I was chosing all the smallest coins, while I had to pay 11.40 euros in total!

The machine started to give me back all the coins, and, during that tragic moment, my mind was looking for a solution.

- Solution 1: I may mainly use 1 or 2 euro coins.
- But, in this way, I would not use many coins.
- Solution 2: I may ask my friend AMPL to help me.

"I need to run back home and write a precise requist!"





# The request

### What is my problem exactly?

- I want to get rid of as many coins as possible.
- The sum of the values of all the used coins must be the carnet price (11.40 euros).
- The total number of coins cannot be more than 20.
- I can only use the coins that I actually have.
- I need to tell my friend how many coins I have for each given value.





## The mathematical model

#### **Parameters**

- N, integer, the number of coin values
- totValue, real, the price to be paid
- C, vector of length N, the values of the different coins
- nC, vector of length N, the number of coins available for a given value

#### **Variables**

•  $x_i$ , integer, indicates how many coins are used for a given value





# The mathematical model

### **Objective function**

"I want to get rid of as many coins as possible"

$$\max \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i$$

#### **Constraints**

- "The total sum must be 11.40"  $\sum_{i=1}^{N} C_i \times x_i = \text{totValue}$
- "The total number of coins is limited to 20"  $\sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i \le 20$
- "I can't use coins I don't have"  $\forall i \in \{1, 2, ..., n\}$   $x_i \leq nC_i$





## carnet.mod

carnet.mod

The .mod file contains the model of the problem to be solved:

```
param N integer;
param totValue;
param C {1..N};
param nC {1..N};
var x {1..N} integer, >= 0;
maximize numCoins : sum{i in 1..N} x[i];
subject to carnet_price : sum{i in 1..N} C[i] * x[i] = totValue;
subject to overall_limit : sum{i in 1..N} x[i] <= 20;
```

subject to limit {i in 1..N} : x[i] <= nC[i];

## carnet.dat

The .dat file contains the data of the problem to be solved:

```
# carnet.dat
param N := 6;
param totValue := 11.40;
param : C nC :=
1 0.05 6
2 0.10 8
3 0.20 4
4 0.50 4
5 1.00 7
6 2.00 5
```





### carnet.run

The .run file refers to the other two text files (the model and the data), sets the solver to be used, and displays the final result.

#### # carnet.run

model carnet.mod; data carnet.dat; option solver cplex;

#### solve;

display numCoins; display sum{i in 1..N} C[i] \* x[i]; display x;





# Calling AMPL

[antonio.mucherino@ferrari ~/ampl]\$

```
[antonio.mucherino@ferrari ~/ampl]$ cat carnet.run | ampl
ILOG AMPL 10.100, licensed to "ecolepolytechnique-palaiseau".
AMPL Version 20060626 (Linux 2.6.9-5.ELsmp)
ILOG CPLEX 10.100, licensed to "ecolepolytechnique-palaiseau", options: e m b q use=8
CPLEX 10.1.0: optimal integer solution; objective 20
4 MIP simplex iterations
0 branch-and-bound nodes
numCoins = 20
sum\{i in 1 .. N\} C[i]*x[i] = 11.4
x [*] :=
```

### The proposed exercises can be downloaded from:

www.antoniomucherino.it

